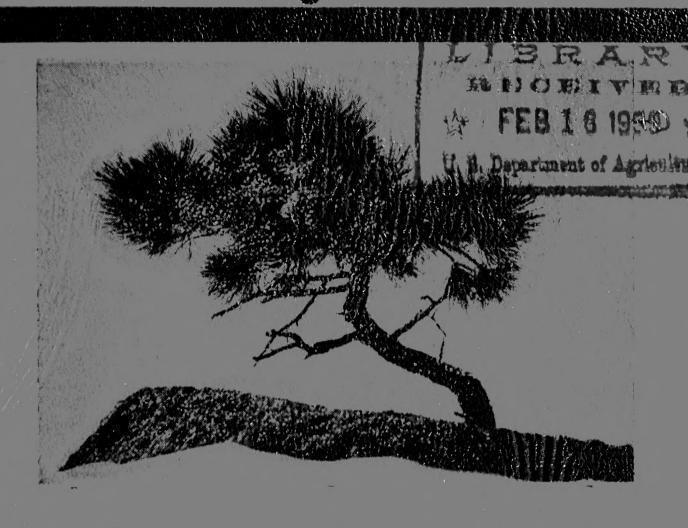
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1940 Catalog and Planting Guide

62.11



Colorado Trees and Shrubs

for Colorado Climate

Arapahoe Acres Nursery

4849 South Santa Fe Drive

PHONE LITTLETON 439

LITTLETON, COLO.

MAY WE HELP YOU?

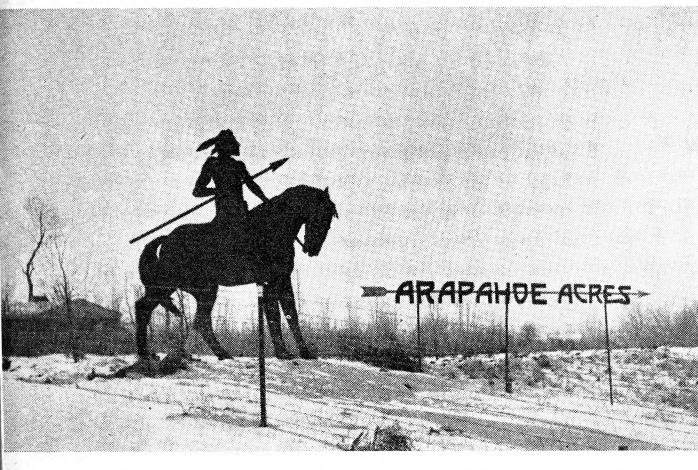
We are glad to present you with this our new catalog and planting guide. As usual we have included here much more than a mere listing of plants for sale. We hope that it will be of service to you.

The descriptions of plants are brief, but we believe accurate. We have attempted to have each plant correctly named. We have avoided sales talk, and have tried to point out the bad as well as good features of each item.

We are continually experimenting with new plants, trying to find those which will be suitable for this climate. This year, as usual, we have added a few new ones and dropped some inferior ones.

We are proud of the trees and shrubs which we have to offer this year. The assortment is more nearly complete than we have had before, and the quality is unusually high. We were fortunate in having plenty of water during the hot dry months last summer so that our plants made a good growth. We invite you to come out and see them.

We hope that this little book will help you to solve some of your landscape problems, and enable you to get more satisfaction and pleasure from your gardens. We hope that it will help to make your grounds and all of Colorado more beautiful and pleasant to live in.



To locate our nursery, look for this Arapahoe Indian in his new location along the new highway, about one mile north of Littleton.

And here is the new office and residence. Stop in and see us.



SHRUBS

Acer ginnala, GINNALA MAPLE or AMUR MAPLE 12'
A beautiful shrub maple. The leaves are very attractive, and in the fall turn to a brilliant red.
6-8 foot \$3.00, 5-6 foot \$1.50, 4-5 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 75c

Acer glabrum, ROCKY MOUNTAIN MAPLE More dense and bushy than the Ginnala Maple. A neat and attractive shrub. Leaf-stems and winter buds a bright red 4-5 foot \$1.50, 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 750
Amorpha canescens, LEADPLANT A low shrub with silvery-white foliage and heads of violet-blue flowers throughout late summer. Very hardy. Likes a sunny place. 18-24inch 75c, 12-15 inch 50c.
Amorpha fruticosa, INDIGOBUSH Loose growth. Purple flowers in June. Good for dry places. 4-5 foot \$1.00
Amorpha nana, DWARF INDIGOBUSH Hardy and drouth resistant. Fern-like leaves, and spikes of purple flowers in summer. 12-15 inch 500
Berberis thunbergi, JAPANESE BARBERRY A good dwarf shrub for low informal hedges or specimens. Thorny stems and attractive red berries in fall and winter. Prefers rich clay soil. 18-24 inch 75c, 12-18 inch 50c
Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea, RED-LEAF BARBERRY Leaves red all summer. Very attractive but not as hardy or vigorous as the Japanese variety. 18-24 in. \$1.00, 12-15-in. 65cc
Buddleia Ile de France, BUTTERFLY BUSH Large reddish-purple spikes of flowers in summer. They are very fragrant and attract butterflies. Should be treated as a perennial, as it dies to the ground each winter. Large 3-year plants \$1.00
Buddleia fortunei, FORTUNE BUTTERFLY BUSH Long heads of pure lilac flowers with orange eye. Plant Patent No. 206. Large 3-year plants \$1.25
Caragana arborescens, SIBERIAN PEA Narrow upright growth, useful for tall hedges or specimens. Neat foliage and small yellow flowers in early spring. Very hardy and drouth resistant. 4-5 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 75c, 2-3 foot 50e
Caragana aurantiaca, DWARF PEA-SHRUB A very dwarf shrub with small dark green leaves and small orange flowers. Hardy. 12-18 inch \$1.00, 9-12 inch 35c
Cercocarpus parvifolius, MOUNTAIN MAHOGANY N. 6' An interesting native shrub of dry hillsides. Covered in fall with peculiar twisted fuzzy-tailed seeds. 4-5 foot \$2.00, 3-4 foot \$1.25
Colutea arborescens, BLADDER SENNA 6'

like a balloon.

Foliage and flower similar to Siberian Pea, but of more spreading habit and not as hardy. The attractive seed pods hang on throughout winter and are silvery color and inflated

4-5 foot \$1.00

Shrubs—Cont'd
Cornus stolonifera coloradensis, COLORADO
One of the most useful all-around shrubs. Graceful and symmetrical habit of growth. Stems are bright red all winter making an interesting spot of color, especially in association with evergreens. Ours is especially selected stock from the best native plants. 3-4 foot \$1.25, 2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 50c.
Cotoneaster acutifolia, PEKING COTONEASTER A clean nicely-shaped shrub, with slender spreading branche bearing small glossy dark green leaves. Small bloom, bu the attractive black berries hang on all winter. 4-6 foot \$1.25, 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 50c.
Crataegus coccinea, THICKET HAWTHORN Large leaves brilliantly colored in fall. White spring blos soms and red autumn fruits. 3-4 foot \$1.5
Crataegus coccinioides, BRILLIANT HAWTHORN A broad-headed small tree bearing white flowers and large shiny red fruit. Attractive red and yellow fall color. 2-3 foot \$1.0
Crataegus coloradensis, COLORADO HAWTHORN N. 15 A large informal shrub or small tree, having masses of white flowers in spring and persistant red fruit in fall. Attractive yellow-brown bark. Slow growing. 2-3 foot \$1.06
Crataegus crus-galli, COCKSPUR THORN A low-spreading round-headed type. Showy, fragrant, white spring blossoms followed by many small red apples which hang on most of the winter. Long thorns. Good fall color 5-6 foot \$2.00, 3-4 foot \$1.50
Crataegus mollis, DOWNY HAWTHORN Usually grown in the form of a small symmetrical tree White flowers in spring and large red edible fruit in fall 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 500
Crataegus oxyacantha, ENGLISH HAWTHORN The most delicate fine textured and slow growing of the hawthorns. Subject to apple blight. 5-6 ft. \$2, 3-4 ft. \$1.50
Cydonia japonica, FLOWERING QUINCE Brilliant red flowers early in spring. Slow growing. 2-3 foot \$1.00
Elaeagnus angustifolia, RUSSIAN OLIVE A very hardy and drouth resistant shrub with silvery-gray leaves. May be grown as a large shrub or trimmed as a hedge. 6-8 foot \$1.50, 5-6 foot \$1.00, 4-5 foot 75c, 3-4 foot 50c
Euonymus alatus, WINGED EUONYMUS Rose-red and green corky bark, red-orange fruit and rose-red leaves in fall. 2-3 foot \$1.00
Euonymus atropurpureus. WAHOO or BURNING BUSH 12

Somewhat similar to the European Burning bush but of slower growth, larger leaves and much richer fall color. Attractive red and orange fruit hanging on till late.

4-5 foot \$1.50, 3-4 foot \$1.25

Figure at right of name indicates mature height. N. following name indicates Native Colorado plant.

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Euonymus europaeus, EUROPEAN BURNING BUSH 15
Also called Spindle Tree. A large shrub with dark greer leaves and stems. Upright habit of growth. Rose-red fal leaves and red-orange fruit in fall and winter. 4-5 foot \$1.50, 3-4 foot \$1.00
Exochorda grandiflora, PEARL BUSH 6
A beautiful half-hardy shrub, bearing white flowers which resemble pearls when in bud. 3-4 foot \$1.00
Foresteria neomexicana, MOUNTAIN PRIVET A native shrub similar to privet. Hardy and useful for speciments or hedge. 18-24 inch 50cc
Forsythia spectabalis, SHOWY BORDER FORSYTHIA & The familiar early blooming Golden Bells. Flowers large and profuse (when not killed by a late frost). Quick growing and of upright habit. 5-6 foot \$1.25
Forsythia suspensa, WEEPING GOLDENBELLS 3
Covered with golden bells in very early spring before the leaves appear. Drooping habit useful for walls and banks. Endures partial shade. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 18-24 inch 500
Forsythia suspensa fortunei, GOLDENBELLS 8
Vigorous growing. Arching habit. Very early yellow flowers 2-3 foot 500
Hibiscus moscheutos, MALLOW MARVELS 4
Kills back each fall like a perennial, but otherwise considered as a shrub. Beautiful large hollyrock-like flowers in colors from white to red. Large 3-year plants 600
Hippophaea rhamnoides, SEA-BUCKTHORN 15
A dwarf silver-leaf tree or large shrub related to the Russian Olive. Orange berries in fall. 2-3 foot \$1.25, 18-24 inch 75cd
Holodiscus dumosus, ROCK SPIREA N. 4
A valuable slow-growing native shrub, closely related to the familiar spireas. Its dense regular growth and ability to withstand drouth make it a desirable shrub for many uses. In summer it is covered with large feathery heads of whitish flowers. 2-3 foot \$1.00
Ligustrum vulgare, ENGLISH PRIVET 8'
The best privet for our climate. Makes a dense hedge when properly and frequently trimmed. Foliage a dark glossy green, and retained well into winter. When it is grown as an informal shrub it has heads of fragrant white flowers and black berries. Hedge plants, 12-18 inch 15c, 9-12 inch 10c
Ligustrum vulgare, THOMPSONS PRIVET 8'
An improved type, with rapid growth and persistent foliage. 18-24 inch 20c
-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m-m
Lonicera maximowica sachilinensis, SAKHALIN HONEYSUCKLE 5'
A new species of bush honeysuckle of much promise. Of
dwarf habit and dense growth Numerous small rose-red

Lonicera maacki podocarpa, LATE HONEYSUCKLE 8'
Large dark green leaves, and attractive fragrant white flowers, followed by red fruit. 2-3 foot 50c

2-21/2 foot \$1.25

flowers and crinkley blue-green leaves.

Lonicera morrowi, MORROW HONEYSUCKLE 8'
Wide spreading branches with leaves dark green above and grayish beneath. Creamy-white flowers in May and yellow or red fruits from August to late fall. 2-3 foot 50c
Lonicera syringantha, LILAC HONEYSUCKLE 6'
Fragrant lilac flowers in May. Upright slender-branched shrub, with small gray-green leaves. 18-24 inch 50c
Lonicera tatarica rubra, RED BUSH HONEYSUCKLE 8'
Upright branches with deep pink flowers in May and June. Attractive red berries in fall. Our most popular large shrub. 3-4 foot 75c, 2-3 foot 50c
Lonicera zabeli, TRUE RED HONEYSUCKLE 10'
Flowers small but numerous and of a darker red than other honeysuckles. Very attractive. 2-3 foot 50c
Lycium chinense, CHINESE MATRIMONY VINE 4'
Very hardy and drouth resistant. Becomes unkempt when neglected, but may be trained in many interesting ways as a vine or shrub. Good for covering dry banks. 3-4 foot 50c
Philadelphus coronarius grandiflorus, BIG SWEET
MOCKORANGE 8'
Hardy, fast growing, erect shrub that will stand some shade. Large white fragrant blossoms in June. 3-4 foot 60c, 2-3 foot 40c.
Philadelphus lemonei, LEMOINE MOCK ORANGE 4'
A neat dense little shrub with masses of white sweet-scented flowers in June. Hardy here. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 18-24 inch 60c
Philadelphus lemoinei boquet blanc, BOQUET
BLANC MOCK ORANGE 4'
Larger flowers and over a longer time than the regular Lemoine. Looser growth and not as hardy. 3-4 foot \$1.00
Philadelphus virginal, VIRGINAL MOCK ORANGE 5'
Semi-double fragrant white flowers in June and throughout summer. Slow growing and rather tender but worthwhile in a partly protected location 2-3 foot \$1.00
Physocarpus monogynus, COLORADO LOW
NINEBARK N. 3'
A native low spreading shrub of the north slopes. Covered in spring with masses of white flowers. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c
Physocarpus opulifolius, COMMON NINEBARK 10'
Large spreading shrub, having clusters of creamy-white flowers followed by interesting brownish seed pods. 4-5 ft. \$1.25
Physocarpus opulifolius nanus, DWARF NINEBARK 4'
Similar to Bridal Wreath Spirea but lower and less spreading.
Covered with white flowers in spring and attractive red-
brown seed pods in summer. Good fall color. 2-3 foot \$1.25, 12-18 inch 50c
Potentilla fruticosa, SHRUBBY CINQUEFOIL N. 2'
A native dwarf shrub with spreading stems. Loose clusters of small rose-like yellow flowers blooming all summer and
fall. It grows in dry or wet, shady or sunny locations. Fits well in the rock garden. 18-24 inch 75c, 12-18 inch 50c
Figure at right of name indicates average mature height. N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant.

Prunus besseyi, WESTERN SANDCHERRY White flowers in spring and small black edible plums. Spread ing habit, useful for covering banks. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75
Prunus cistena, HANSEN PURPLE LEAF PLUM Leaves purple-red all summer. Flower and fruit unimportant Useful for an accent point among green foliage. Hardy here 4-5 foot \$1.50, 18-24 inch 50
Prunus glandulosa glabra albiplena, DOUBLE WHITE FLOWERING ALMOND Similar to the pink but with white flowers. 2-3 foot 60
Prunus glandulosa trichostyla sinensis, DOUBLE PINK FLOWERING ALMOND The most attractive shrub of early spring, because of it masses of beautiful pink flowers. These plants are on their own roots and will not send up annoying plum sprouts. 2-3 foot \$1.25, 12-18 inch 50
Prunus melanocarpa, WESTERN CHOKECHERRY The familiar native shrub with clusters of white fragran flowers and black edible fruit. Useful for tall thickets Hardy and slow growing. Nursery grown plants. 3-4 foot 75c, 2-3 foot 50
Prunus newport, PURPLE LEAF PLUM Similar to Prunus cistena in color but of more upright habi of growth. Hardy here. 3-4 foot \$1.0
Prunus pennsylvanica, PIN or BIRD CHERRY A neat and attractive native shrub, which is adapted to planting in groups or for tall backgrounds. It has a profusion of fragrant white blossoms in spring and a beautiful array of tiny bright red cherries in summer. 4-5 foot 75c, 3-4 foot 50c
Prunus tomentosa, Large attractive shrub having beautiful pink blossoms and with the red edible fruit. is better known. NANKING CHERRY Shrub having beautiful pink blossoms and with the will be more commonly planted when it 4-5 foot \$2.00, 3-4 foot \$1.50, 2-3 foot \$1.00
Prunus triloba, DOUBLE-FLOWERING PLUM Covered with beautiful double pink flowers in early spring Often mistaken for a large flowering almond. 18-24 inch 500
Ptelea trifoliata, HOP-TREE or WAFER ASH A partly hardy shrub with inconspicuous flowers but large showy clusters of silvery hop-like fruit which remain attractive through winter. 5-6 foot \$1.25
Rhamnus cathartica, COMMON BUCKTHORN Sometimes used for tall hedges but usually as a background shrub. Clusters of black berries in fall. 2-3 foot 756
Rhamnus frangula, GLOSSY BUCKTHORN Upright shrub with lustrous green leaves, interesting spotted bark and berries which turn from red to black in September 3-4 foot \$1.00
Rhodotypos kerrioides, JETBEAD White raspberry-like flowers and shiny black berries. Neat habit of growth. Needs a protected location. 12-18 inch 500 Figure at right of name indicates average mature height. N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant.

Rhus cismontana, ROCKY MOUNTAIN SUMAC N. 4' Valuable for its brilliant fall color. Of dwarf habit making it useful where a large sumac would get too tall. 4-5 foot 75c, 3-4 foot 50c, 2-3 foot 25c
Rhus cotinus, SMOKE TREE or PURPLE FRINGE 10' An interesting half-hardy shrub with clouds of feathery bloom in fall. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c
Rhus glabra, SMOOTH SUMAC Smooth bark. More compact lower growth than the Staghorn Sumac. Leaves turn to a beautiful deep red in fall and the ornamental red seed heads hang on all winter. 4-5 foot 75c, 3-4 foot 50c
Rhus glabra laciniata, CUTLEAF SMOOTH SUMAC 6' Very beautiful cut leaves with red stems. Of dwarf habit. Attractive fall color. Will be more extensively planted when it is better known. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c
Rhus trilobata, LEMONADE SUMAC, AROMATIC
SUMAC or THREE-LEAF SUMAC Informal, slow-growing aromatic shrub that can stand drought and abuse. N. 4' 3-4 foot \$1.25, 2-3 foot 75c
Rhus typhina, STAGHORN SUMAC 12'
Loose picturesque tree-like shrub with velvety stems and large tropical looking leaves. Makes a grand display of red fall color and the red seed heads persist all winter 8-10 foot \$1.50, 6-8 foot \$1.00, 4-5 foot 75c
Rhus typhina laciniata, SHREDDED SUMAC 8'
Of sprawly habit but attractive foliage. The fall color is golden yellow and pink. 5-6 foot \$1.25
Ribes alpinum, MOUNTAIN CURRANT 3'
A neat shrub of slow dense growth. Can be trimmed for a low hedge. Will grow in partial shade. 12-18 inch 60c, 9-12 inch 40c
Ribes americanum, AMERICAN BLACK CURRANT N. 4'
A spreading shrub with inconspicuous flowers but neat foliage and attractive black fruit. 4-5 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 75c
Ribes cereum, SQUAW or WAX CURRANT Dense slow-growing native shrub of attractive shape. Thrives in dry places. Small pink flowers in June and bright scarlet currants in summer. 2-3 foot \$1.00, 18-24 inch 75c
Ribes aureum, SLENDER GOLDEN CURRANT N. 5' Spicy-fragrant bright yellow flowers in May. Edible black or yellow berries. Useful for thickets and to attract birds. 2-3 foot 50c
Ribes saximontanum, ROCKY MOUNTAIN
Low-growing thorny shrub with graceful trailing habit and neat foliage. Good for covering banks and rocks. Valuable edible berries. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c
Robinia hispida, ROSE-ACACIA 5'
Of loose spreading habit similar to dwarf sumac. Beautiful large heads of pink pea-like flowers. Spreads from suckers. 4-5 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 75c, 2-3 foot 50c

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Bright red upright stems, mostly thornless. Small pink flowers and persistent red fruits. 2-3 foot 40c

Rosa blanda, MEADOW ROSE

SIII ubs—Cont u
Rosa foetida bicolor, AUSTRIAN COPPER ROSE Also known as the Denver University Rose. Covered in June with large single flowers of a coppery flame color, o sometimes distinct red and yellow petals. Probably the most striking bloom of any of our shrubs. Makes a bush o attractive shape and is hardy here. 2-3 foot \$1.00
Rosa foetida harisoni, HARISON YELLOW ROSE A double yellow spring-flowering rose, similar to Persian but more hardy and free flowering. 3-4 foot \$1.00
Rosa foetida persiana, PERSIAN YELLOW ROSE Double yellow June-flowering rose. Flowers more double that Harison and darker than either Harison or Hugonis. Shrul of rather irregular shape. 2-3 foot 756
Rosa hugonis, GOLDEN ROSE OF CHINA Makes the best shaped shrub of any of the spring-flowering roses. Completely covered in spring with single light-yellow flowers. 4-5 foot \$1.50, 3-4 foot \$1.00
Rosa nitida, BRISTLY ROSE Light pink flowers. Dwarf bristly stems. For ground cover and slopes. 2-3 foot 500
Rosa rubiginosa, SWEETBRIAR ROSE Fragrant leaves and flowers. Attractive red fruits. An old favorite. 2-3 foot 50c
Rosa rubrifolia, REDLEAF ROSE Leaves and stems are dark red all summer. Very small pink flowers and persistent red fruit. 3-4 foot \$1.00
Rosa sayi, NATIVE RED-STEM ROSE Low-growing spreading shrub, similar to Meadow Rose but more dwarf. Useful for naturalistic plantings and covering banks. Effective in combination with Snowberries,. Thimble-berries or low Juniper. 2-3 foot 50c
Rosa setigera, PRAIRIE ROSE Small pink flowers and persistent red fruits. Of spreading habit, useful for ground cover and covering banks. 18-24 inch 500
Rose, GRUSS AN TEPLITZ Large dark red bloom in clusters all summer. As beautiful as a tea rose and almost as hardy as a shrub rose. 500
Rose, GRUSS AN AACHEN A good companion for Gruss an Teplitz. Large light-pink or white flowers all summer.
Rose, PAUL NEYRON Hardy bushes with large rose pink flowers. Fragrant. 500
Rubus deliciosus, THIMBLEBERRY or BOULDER RASPBERRY N. 5'

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Sambucus canadensis acutiloba, CUTLEAVED ELDER 8'
A rapid-growing shrub with attractive cutleaves. White flowers in summer and black edible fruit. 4-5 foot \$1.00

Salix irrorata, BLUESTEM WILLOW N.	_
The silvery-blue stems of this rapid-growing native willow are especially attractive in winter. Small gray pussies but out from their jet-black buds in early spring. Not as lar buds as the pussy willow, but it seems to be resistant to the blight which damages the pussy willow.	st ge he
6-8 foot \$1.25, 5-6 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 7	5e
Shepherdia argentea, SILVER BUFFALO BERRY N. 1	_
Narrow gray foliage similar to Russian Olive, and bright redible berries. Very hardy and slow growing. 6-8 foot \$2.00, 5-6 foot, \$1.50, 4-5 foot \$1.25, 3-4 foot \$1.50, 4-5 foot \$1.25, 3-4 foot \$1.50, 4-5 f	00
Sorbaria sorbifolia, ASH-LEAF SPIREA	 3′
Large panicles of small white flowers in summer. Sprea from root suckers and looks ragged at times. 2-3 foot 5	ds
Sorbaria glabrata, FALSE SPIREA Larger neater blooms and later than the Ash-leaf Spire 3-4 foot 7	
Sorbus sambucifolia, WESTERN MOUNTAIN ASH N. 1	
Bears white flowers and showy orange fruit similar to t European tree form, but is of shrub form. 18-24 inch \$1.	he 00
Spiraea arguta, GARLAND SPIREA . Completely covered with masses of small white flowers very early spring. Hardy here. Should be clipped back ea- year after blooming. 2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 5	ch
Spiraea frobeli, FROBEL SPIREA	3′
Of dwarf growth, sometimes winterkilling, but always su ficient new growth before blooming time. The flat hea of flowers are colored magenta-red, difficult to harmoni with other colors. It is very useful however because blooms through the hot weather when little else is in bloom 2-3 foot 7	ds ze it n.
Spirited prunitona, Books Branching Williams	6′
Masses of small double white flowers in spring. A shrub irregular habit of growth and not always hardy here. 3-4 foot \$1.	
Spiraea thunbergi, SNOW GARLAND SPIREA	4′
A shrub of neat shape and feathery light green foliage. The stems are lined with small white flowers in very ear spring. Smaller flowers, lower growth and not as hardy. Spirea arguta. * 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2½-3 foot 7	ly as
	5'
Flowers similar to Bridal Wreath, but about a week late Shrub of irregular spreading habit. It is used in grouwith Spirea V. H. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 5	ps
Spiraea vanhouttei, VANHOUTTE or BRIDAL	
WREATH SPIREA The most popular of all shrubs. Neat arching form, ni foliage and a grand display of white flowers. Will grow a most anywhere. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 5	1- 0c
Symphoricarpus chenaulti CHENAULT SNOWRERRY	•

Figure at right of name indicates average mature height. N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant.

A valuable new introduction. Small very neat leaves and graceful arching stems. Small red berries, dotted white.

2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 50c

C 1. ' CDDDADING CNOUDEDDY 0
Symphoricarpus mollis, SPREADING SNOWBERRY Snow-white berries in winter. Useful for shady places. Low spreading growth. 2-3 foot 500
Symphoricarpus oreophilus, MOUNTAIN
SNOWBERRY 1½
A low native spreading shrub, useful for covering banks and naturalistic effects. 12-18 inch 40c
Symphoricarpus racemosus, SNOWBERRY 4
White berries in winter. Will grow in sun or shade. Spreads from root suckers. 2-3 foot 500
Symphoricarpus vulgaris, CORALBERRY or
INDIAN CURRANT 4
Also known as Missouri Buckbrush. Persistent red berries or arching stems are very ornamental. Does well in partia shade. Spreads from suckers. 2-3 foot 500
Syringa rothomagensis, HYBRID PERSIAN LILAC 8
Smaller leaves and more graceful than the Common Lilac Bears large heads of fragrant lilac flowers. 3-4 foot \$1.00, 2-3 foot 75c, 18-24 inch 50c
Syringa villosa, LATE LILAC Very fragrant pinkish-lilae flowers late in June after other
lilacs have gone. Does not root-sucker.
3-4 foot \$1.25, 18-24 inch 50c
Syringa vulgaris, COMMON PURPLE LILAC 10
Known by everyone. Useful for specimen group or hedge. For specimen planting it is being replaced by the new French hybrids in a great variety of colors. 2-3 foot 750
Syringa vulgaris, FRENCH HYBRIDS 8
Casimir Perier, Double creamy-white18-24 inch 750
Charles X, Single reddish purple3-4 foot \$1.50 Ludwig Spaeth, Single violet-red12-18 inch 750
Marc. Michael, Double blue18-24 inch 750
Mme. Lemoine, Double White3-4 foot \$1.50
Pres. Grevy, Double lilac-blue3-4 foot \$1.50 Rhum Von Horstenstein, Single Purple18-24 inch 750
Wm. Robinson, Double deep purple18-24 inch 75c
Tamarix hispida, KASHGAR TAMARIX Fine, feathery, pale green, Juniper-like foliage. Large softpink plumes of tiny flowers continuing through summer. This species is hardy, drouth resistant and very alkali resistant. 4-6 foot \$1.00, 3-4 foot 75c, 2-3 foot 50c.
Viburnum americanum, AMERICAN
CRANBERRYBUSH 10'
Leaf like the Common Snowball, but looser taller habit and flat heads of single flowers. Bears ornamental red ber-
ries which hang on till late. Will grow in part shade.
2-3 foot 75c
Viburnum dentatum, ARROWOOD 6'
Slim graceful stems, with white flowers in June, followed by heads of black fruit. Will grow in shade. 2-3 foot \$1.50
Viburnum lantana, WAYFARING TREE 8' A distributive slow growing should Headflet heads of white
A distinctive slow-growing shrub. Has flat heads of white flowers, followed by fruit which gradually turns from green, through yellow, orange and red, to black. Thickish crinkled bairy leaves
hairy leaves. $2-3~{ m foot}$ \$1,50 Figure at right of name indicates average mature height. N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant.

white flowers and edible black fruit. Viburnum opulus sterile, SNOWBALL The old familiar shrub of grandmother's garden. It is still a valuable shrub. EVERGEENS Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana, PFITZER JUNIPER The best large evergreen shrub for Colorado. Graceful and informal habit of growth. Bright green foliage kept through winter. Useful for foundation planting. 2-3 foot \$6.00, 18-24 inch \$3.50, 12-18 inch \$2.00 Juniperus communis depressa plumosa, ANDORRA JUNIPER A spreading, dwarf evergreen of distinctive color. Silvery-green in the spring and summer, turning to a pinkish shade in the autumn and winter. Does best in a sunny location. 12-15 inches, \$2.00 each Juniperus communis montana, MOUNTAIN JUNIPER Our native low evergreen shrub of mountain slopes. Variable in habit, but usually very beautiful in color. Very hardy. 3-4 foot \$7.02, 2-3 foot \$5.00 Juniperus japonica (Chinensis procumbens) JAPANESE JUNIPER Seldom over a foot high but wide spreading. Good green color held throughout winter. 2-3 foot \$5.00, 18-24 inch \$3.00 Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia, TAMARIX- LEAF JUNIPER The most valuable and useful evergreen shrub for Colorado. Of medium height and good habit of growth. Absolutely hardy and holds its beautiful silvery green color all winter developmens, COLORADO SPRUCE Our Colorado state tree, too well known to need further developmens, -12-18 inch \$3.50 Picea pungens, COLORADO SPRUCE Our Colorado state tree, too well known to need further developmens, -14-18 inch \$3.50 Pinus montana mughus, MUGHO PINE A dwarf many-stemmed round-headed evergreen shrub. The growth is very slow, and dense, it seldom getting over five feet tall, but spreading out to six or eight feet when old. Outstanding for formal effects. 1½-2 foot \$3.00, 1-1½ foot \$2.00 Pinus sylvestris, SCOTCH PINE A rapid-growing pine, with shorter needles and looser habit of glowth than the Ponderosa.	Viburnum lentago, NANNYBERRY Tall shrub of neat habit for backgrounds. Has flat heads of
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6-8 foot \$6.00, 5-6 foot \$5.00, 4-5 foot \$4.00	in habit, but usually very beautiful in color. Very hardy. 3-4 foot \$7.62, 2-3 foot \$5.00 March March

Pinus tanyosha globosa, JAPANESE TABLE PINE 3

An interesting and unique dwarf pine with low-spreading table top. Slim light green needles. Useful for rockeries. Hardy here.

12-18 inch \$2.50

TREES

Acer dasycarpum, SOFT or SILVER MAPLE 80'
Upper branches and underside of leaves silvery. Medium
rapid growth. A valuable shade tree for Colorado when it
can have plenty of room to spread its roots and top. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inch \$2.00, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch \$1.50, 6-8 foot \$1.00
Ailanthus glandulosa, TREE OF HEAVEN 30'
Has large compound leaves giving it a tropical effect similar
to sumac. Will grow in poor soil and smoky cities.
Catalpa speciosa, WESTERN CATALPA 30'
Very large leaves and large clusters of white flowers followed by long ornamental seed pods. Subject to occasional winter
damage. 1-2 inch \$2.00
Celtis occidentalis, HACKBERRY A most valuable shade tree for Colorado conditions. Slow
growing, nice shape and clean appearance. Comparatively
disease, insect and drouth resistant.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inch \$3.00, 1-1\frac{1}{2} inch \$2.00, 6-8 foot \$1.50
Elaeagnus angustifolia, RUSSIAN OLIVE 30'
Small picturesque tree with slender silvery leaves and small
very fragrant yellow flowers. Ornamental silvery-gray fruit
hangs on through winter. Hardy and drouth resistant. Grows
rapidly when young and slower when old.
6-8 foot \$1.50, 5-6 foot \$1.00
Fraxinus lanceolata, GREEN ASH 60'
A good shade tree of meduim slow growth, good shape and
disease free. $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inch \$2.50, 1-1\frac{1}{2} inch \$1.75, 6-8 foot \$1.25
Gleditsia triacanthos inermis, THORNLESS HONEY
LOCUST 60'
A beautifully-picturesque shade tree of medium slow growth.
Very free from diseases and insect pests and can stand drouth.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inch \$2.50, 1-1\frac{1}{2} inch \$2.00, 6-8 foot \$1.50
Gymnocladus dioica, KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE 80'
A useful shade tree for Colorado. Slow growing and disease
resistant. Very large compound leaves and corky gray bark.
4-5 foot \$1.50, 3-4 foot \$1.00
Juglans nigra, BLACK WALNUT 80'
Slow growth and deep roots. Bears edible nuts. Should be
transplanted when small.
1½-2 inch \$2.50, 1-1½ inch \$1.75, 5-6 foot \$1.50
Koelreuteria paniculata, GOLDENRAIN TREE or
VARNISH TREE 20'
Large panicles of white and yellow flowers followed by ornamental seed pods. Usually grown as a large shrub. Only
half hardy here but well worth trying.
5-6 foot \$2.50, 3-4 foot \$1.50
Malus baccata, SIBERIAN CRAB 35'
Fragrant flowers, pink in bud, opening white. Edible red
and yellow fruit. 3-4 foot \$1.25
Malus dolga, MANSEN RED CRAB 12'
A good crab for Colorado. White flowers and brilliant red edible fruit. 5-6 foot \$2.50

N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant. Figure at right of name indicates average mature height.

Trees—Cont'd

Maius floribunda, JAPANESE FLOWERING CRAB 15
Before the leaves appear it is covered with rose-red buds which break into masses of whitish flowers. Showy reddish pea-sized fruit on long stems in fall. Dense spreading growth. 5-6 foot \$1.50
Malus Hopa, REDFLOWERING CRAB 12'
Probably the best flowering crab for Colorado. Rose-red flowers and small fruit which is red inside and out. 2-3 foot 50c
Malus ioensis plena, BECHTEL CRAB 12'
The most common flowering crab. A mass of double pink fragrant flowers in May. Its one fault is that the faded petals remain on the tree for weeks after blooming giving a ragged appearance. 3-4 foot \$2.50, 2-3 foot \$1.25
Malus niedzwetzkyana, RED-VEIN CRAB Attractive red flowers, fruit, leaves and wood. 5-6 foot \$2.00
Populus alba bolleana, BOLLEANA POPLAR 80'
The best of the slender columnar type of poplar. Has smooth green bark and leaves which are white on the underside. The poplars are quick growing short lived trees. They are shallow rooted and require a great lot of water, and are also subject to disease and insect pests. They are rank feeders robbing the surrounding soil of water and food for a great distance. These are effective for tall background hedges or to emphasize vertical lines. 2-3 inch \$4.00, 1-2 inch \$3.50, 8-10 foot \$3.00, 6-8 foot \$2.00
Populus nigra italica, LOMBARDY POPLAR 60'
Habit of growth similar to Bolleana Poplar, but has leaves and bark similar to the Cottonwood. Was planted in old Italian gardens. 8-10 foot \$1.50
Populus simoni, CHINESE POPLAR A little broader and looser than Lombardy. Unique leaves, being broadly rounded at the tip and smaller at the base. 6-8 foot 75c
Sorbus aucuparia, EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN ASH A handsome little tree, with feather-like foliage and showy clusters of orange berries in autumn. Attractive yellow-brown bark. 6-8 foot \$3.00, 5-6 foot \$2.00
Ulmus americana, AMERICAN ELM 80'
Our most common shade and street tree. Largely planted in the past and still one of the best for this region. Subject to attacks of elm scale and must be sprayed if they are found. 2-3 in. \$4.00, 1½-2 in. \$2.50, 1-1½ in. \$1.75, 6-8 ft. \$1.25
Ulmus amersino, HYBRID ELM A cross getween the Chinese and American elm. Leaves and branchlets like the American, but habit of growth more like the Chinese. Very rapid growing. A new thing but it seems to have great possibilities. 3-4 inch \$6.00, 2-3 inch \$3.50, 1½-2 inch \$2.50, 1-1½ inch \$1.75
Ulmus pumila, CHINESE ELM 60'
Grows about twice as fast as the American Elm. The leaves are smaller and branches more slender. A nicely-shaped beautiful tree when young, but subject to wind and snow damage unless properly and frequently trimmed. 2-3 inch \$3.00, 1-2 inch \$1.50, 6-8 foot \$1.00

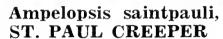
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VINES

Ampelopsis englemanni, **ENGLEMANN IVY**

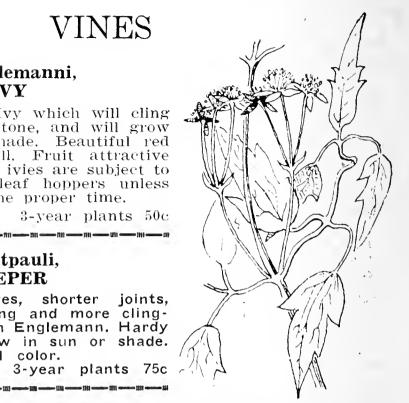
This is the Ivy which will cling to brick or stone, and will grow in sun or shade. Beautiful red leaves in fall. Fruit attractive to birds. All ivies are subject to damage by leaf hoppers unless sprayed at the proper time.

3-year plants 50c



Smaller leaves, shorter joints, slower growing and more clinging discs than Englemann. Hardy and will grow in sun or shade. Beautiful fall color.

plants 75c 3-year نت مسبب الأرجمية إلى حسب إلى حسب إلى عبيد



Ampelopsis tricuspidata veitchi, BOSTON IVY

The neatest and slowest growing of the ivies. Has many clinging discs and will hold fast to any fairly rough surface. Beautiful fall colors. Does well here when planted on the north side of buildings. 2-year plants 75c

Bignonia radicans, TRUMPET VINE

Slow-growing, but eventually gets very large. Large trumpet shaped scarlet flowers in fall.

3-year plants 60c

Celastrus scandens, AMERICAN BITTERSWEET

A slow growing vine with attractive red berries. There must be both a staminate and pistillate plant to produce fruit.

2-year plants 60c

Clematis crispa, CURLY CLEMATIS

A rather frail vine, but has beautiful purple bells, similar to our native Douglas Clematis. 3-year plants \$1.00

Clematis jackmani, JACKMAN CLEMATIS

Half-hardy and of frail slow growth, but the grand display of large purple flowers in summer is worth any care to secure. The most popular large flowered clematis. 2-year plants 75c

Clematis ligusticifolia, WESTERN VIRGINSBOWER

A rapid growing native climber which is covered with small white flowers in summer and followed by a cloud of wooly white seed clusters in fall. More hardy than the Sweet Autumn, but not scented.

2-year plants 50c 2-year plants 50c

Clematis paniculata, SWEET AUTUMN CLEMATIS

A profusion of fragrant white flowers in autumn.

2-year plants 50c

Clematis texensis, SCARLET CLEMATIS

A slow growing frail vine, but makes a nice display with its delicate red and white half-opened flowers. 3-year plants \$1.00

Euonymus radicans, WINTERCREEPER

Thick evergreen leaves. Will cling to a rough surface. Slow growing. Should be used more. 2-year plants 50c

N. following name indicates a Native Colorado plant.

Vines—Cont'd

Lonicera japonica halliana, HALLS JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE

A beautiful vine, useful for trellis, fence or ground cover. Deep-green foliage held well into winter, Sweet-scented cream-colored flowers from mid summer to fall.

2-3 foot 50e

Lonicera sempervirens, SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE

Not as rank growing as Halls, and not as fragrant, but the scarlet flowers are very attractive and continue in bloom for several months. Partly evergreen.

Polygonum auberti, SILVERLACE VINE

A hardy quick growing vine, doing well in almost any situation. Covered for weeks in summer with a mass of small white flowers.

Climbing Roses

- AMERICAN BEAUTY. Large, fragrant, dark pink, double flowers. 3-year plants 75c
- CRIMSON RAMBLER. An old favorite, sprays of small scarlet flowers.

 18-24 inch 40c
- DOOROTHY PERKINS. Large clusters of small shell-pink flowers. Vigorous grower. 18-24 inches 50c
- WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS. Clusters of small white flowers.

 18-24 inch 50e
- PAULS SCARLET. Clusters of scarlet flowers which remain in bloom for a long time. Probably the best climbing rose for Colorado.

 2 year plants 50c

Vitis alpha, ALPHA HYBRID GRAPE

- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 -- 30 --

A new hybrid with fruit of good quality, about half the size of Concord, yet retaining the hardiness of the wild parent. One of the best for arbors.

2-year plants 75c

Vitis beta, BETA GRAPE

A hybrid of wild grape and Concord. Fruit about twice the size of the wild. Very hardy.

3-year plants 50c

Vitis longi, LONGS WILD GRAPE

The wild grape of the Southwest. Extra size fruit and attractive foliage. 2-year plants 50c

Vitis vulpina, RIVERBANK GRAPE

2-year plants 50c

N.

Our common wild grape. Very hardy.

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Wisteria frutescens, AMERICAN PURPLE WISTERIA

Slow growing, and does not always bloom, but when it does it is worth all the waiting.

5-6 foot \$1.25

HELPS IN SELECTION

We have arranged the following lists hoping that they may help you in selecting the right plant for each particular situation that you have. If you will call us we shall be glad to give you further advice as to proper trees and shrubs for your needs.

Enduring Partial Shade

Snowberry Privets Spireas Honeysuckles Arrowwood Gooseberry Cotoneaster Coralberry Barberry Forsythia Elderberry Ninebark Currants Euonymus

Dogwood
Thimbleberry
Sumac
Cinquefoil
Mock Orange
Lilacs
Buckthorn

Thriving in Hot Dry Places

Siberian Pea Russian Olive Barberry Mountain Mahogany Cinquefoil Tamarix Sumac Shrub Roses Matrimony Vine Buckthorn
Sand Cherry
Native Clematis
Three-leaf Sumac
Mugho Pine
Indigobush
Rock Spirea
Rose Acacia
Squaw Currant

Colutea
Ponderosa Pine
Cherrystone Juniper
Colorado Juniper
Green Ash
Honey Locust
Chinese Elm
Buffalo berry.
Sea-buckthorn

Tolerating Alkaline Soil

Tamarix Russian Olive Honey Locust Sumac Honeysuckle

Indigobush Spireas Lilacs Rose-acacia Poplars Matrimony Vine Cherrystone Juniper Chinese Elm Buckthorn Siberian Pea

Valuable for Fall Color

Sumac Dwarf Ninebark Meadow Rose Native Maple Ginnala Maple Hawthorn Řed-leaf Rose Englemann Ivy Barberry Cotoneaster Arrowwood Euonymus

For Special Effects

Russian olive, Buffaloberry, Sea-buckthorn, and Lead plant for silvery-gray leaves and picturesque habit of growth.

Red-leaf Roses, Barberry and Plum for red foliage all summer.

Sumac and Tree-of-Heaven for Tropical effect.

Tamarix for feather foliage.

Snow Garland Spirea for fine light green foliage.

Siberian Pea, Mock Orange and Euonymus for tall slim growth.

Prairie rose, Sand Cherry and Wild Gooseberry for covering banks.

Willow for early spring color of branches.

Bolleana Poplar for smooth green bark, tall slim habit of growth, and silvery leaves.

Bladder Senna and Hoptree for large silvery seeds.

Catalpa, Tree-of-eHaven and Honey Locust for picturesque seeds. Soft Maple for silvery branches.

Time of Blooming

(In approximate order)

April

Willows Buffalo berry Forsythia Garland Spirea Fl. Almond Fl. Currant Siberian Pea Fl. Quince Plums Cherries Apples

May

Lilacs
Honeysuckles
Bird Cherry
Nanking Cherry
Flowering Crabs
Wayfaring bush
Hawthorns
Spirea V. H.
Thimbleberry
Snowball
Low Ninebark
Native Clematis
Max. Honeysuckle
Pearl bush
Yellow shrub roses
Nannyberry
Mountain Ash

June

Pink shrub roses Late Lilacs Korean Spirea Chokecherry Jethead Dogwood Ninebark Cotoneaster Bladder Senna Russian Olive Climbing Roses Rose-acacia Buckthorn Mock Orange Euonymus Privet Arrowwood Frobel Spirea

August

Silverlace Vine Butterfly bush Althea Tamarix Tender Roses Large Fl. Clematis Dwarf Indigo Mallow Marvel Desmodium Genista Aralia Honeysuckle vines Trumpet Vine Hydrangea False Spirea Autumn Clematis

September

July

Shrubby Cinquefoil Elderberry Rock Spirea Jap. Lilac Amorpha Late Honeysuckle Catalpa Sorbaria Billiard Spirea Varnish tree

(Ornamental Fruit)

Hawthorn
Roses
Privet
Sumac
Cranberry bush
Snowberry
Coralberry
Barberry
Euonymus
Cotoneaster
Englemann Ivy

Fruits Attractive to Birds

Euonymus
Englemann Ivy
Flowering Crab
Gooseberry
Hackberry
Honeysuckles
Hawthorn
Juniper
Mountain Ash
Mulberry
Nanking Cherry

Ninebark
Privet
Roses
Russian Olive
Sand Cherry
Snowberry
Sumac
Thimbleberry
Viburnums
Wild Grapes
Wild Plums.

Useful for Their Winter Color Effects

Junipers, Pines, Spruce and Firs with their evergreen foliage. Dogwood, Meadow Rose and Wild Rose with red stems.

Coralberry, Barberry, Hawthorn, Cranberrybush and Roses for their persistent red fruits.

Snowberry with white berries.

Privet, Honeysuckle vine and Euonymus vine with partly evergreen leaves.

Siberian Pea, Forsythia and Euonymus for green stems.

Russian Olive for gray berries and stems.

Mountain Birch and Bird Cherry with smooth red-brown bark. Blue-stem Willow with blue-gray stems.

PLANTING SUGGESTIONS

The life and growth of a tree or shrub depends as much on how it is planted and cared for later, as on how well it is grown in the nursery and how carefully delivered to you. We want every plant sold by us to grow satisfactorily, so we are interested in having you give it the best possible care after it leaves us.

One essential is to get the plant back into the ground as soon after it is dug as possible. It is very important that a tree's roots be kept covered and moist from the time that it is dug until it is planted again, so if several hours or days must elapse before you can plant your trees you should "heel them in." "Heeling in" is simply temporarily covering the roots with moist soil in a hole or trench.

Dig all the holes for your plants plenty big and loosen up the soil in the bottom. A good rule is that "the harder the hole is to dig the larger it needs to be." This is so that new roots will have plenty of loose soil to get started in. If you run into poor soil, plaster, lime, or rubbish when digging holes around a building, it is imperative to remove it all and replace with good soil. Thousands of shrubs planted around buildings, which do not flourish, are the victims of "contractor's" soil, rather than being poor nursery stock.

In planting place loose dirt carefully around the roots of each plant as it is held in position in the hole, spreading the roots out in as natural a position as possible. Most shrubs and trees do best when planted at about the same depth as they were in the nursery.

If you can water with a hose, work it, with the nozzle off, down through the loose dirt to the bottom of the hole and soak the soil from the bottom up. This settles the loose soil thoroughly around the roots, which is very essential. Water again—within a few days, from the surface, with a slow stream. After this, water only when the ground starts to dry out, but very thoroughly each time. BE SURE THAT THE WATER ACTUALLY SOAKS DOWN TO THE LOWEST ROOTS. A thorough watering every one to three weeks is of more benefit than a sprinkling each day.

Do not expect new plants to do well if the soil in which they are planted is filled with tree roots. Poplars, Willows, and Soft Maples are the worst offenders in this, and will sap the soil of moisture and food for a distance usually greater than their height. Learn the habits of the trees and shrubs that you get and plant them where they will have the conditions which they like as to sun, soil, and moisture.

The tops of all shrubs and trees should be cut back one-third when they are transplanted. It is sometimes an unpleasant job to cut off part of a nicely-shaped plant, but it usually will assure a larger and more vigorous plant before fall. Some roots must necessarily be cut when a plant is dug, and if the whole top is left on, it tries to draw more food and water from the soil than the shortened root system can supply.

We are rather fussy about digging our plants with an extra proportion of roots, and try to keep all these roots alive until they reach you, so that there is the least possible shock to the plant.

PLAN and PLANT EARLY IN SPRING

We urge you to make plans for your plantings early, so that there will be no delay when the frost is once out of the ground and it is suitable weather to move plants. We do not encourage fall planting, so must work fast and efficiently in spring to get everything done on time.

The lists and descriptions in this catalog are arranged to help you in selecting just the proper plant for each of your needs. First decide just what effects you want in your grounds, then select the proper plants to produce these effects to best advantage.

You probably have noticed pictures in magazines, and beautiful spots in your friends' gardens which you would like to duplicate in your own grounds. Plan definitely for these improvements now.

Plans

If you require plans of any extent it will pay you to employ a competent landscape architect. He can suggest possibilities for desirable features which you might never think of, and can usually effect economies to more than offset the fee he charges.

For smaller improvements we can help you plan. Where it is desirable to draw up detailed plans we make a charge of 10% of the cost of the improvements. Drawing a plan "free," just on the chance of getting a job, is expensive and some one has to pay for it sooner or later.

Landscape Service

We would like to confine ourselves to growing and delivering good nursery stock, but that seems impractical. Our customers expect complete service from plan to finished planting. Nursery work is so seasonable that other work must be provided so that it is possible to keep good trained men busy over a greater part of the year.

A large share of our work in the past has been planting, construction and maintenance. We have made a specialty of rock work as is used in naturalistic rock gardens, pools, platforms, walls and walks. We have done a great deal of tree trimming and surgery, Many home owners ask us to make a monthly inspection of their grounds to check up on spraying, fertilizing, trimming or other work needed.

In this landscape work we do not attempt to compete with the "Ash-hauler" landscape men, but try to give intelligent efficient service as cheaply as possible.

We do not solicit lawn work, as that is always a good way to lose money, neither do we attempt to do lawn work at a loss as an inducement to get planting jobs. Where a complete job is wanted we do attempt to construct lawns as cheaply as they can be done properly. A good lawn can not be made cheaply.



OUR POLICY

We are not peddlers of nursery stock. With few exceptions, all stock sold by us has been grown by us for several years here in Colorado. This produces stock incomparably better than that which has been shipped in, "heeled in" for weeks, or stored for months in a cellar. Our plants are freshly dug as they are ordered, and are carefully protected while out of the ground, and hurried back into the ground again in their new location. We are particular about digging a plant with lots of roots and keeping those roots fresh until replanted.

Prices

Prices quoted herein are for plants dug, delivered in Denver or vicinity and guaranteed.

We will expect cash as soon as convenient after the goods are delivered or job is completed. Our prices do not include the cost of running accounts.

Appropriate discounts can be made to dealers, landscape gardeners or others who will share our costs by buying in large quantities, digging, delivering or assuming responsibility for growing.

Planting Charge

When it is desired to have us plant an order, a planting charge of 25% of the cost of the material will be made. This is the average actual cost. We guarantee stock only as to its condition at delivery unless we plant it ourselves.

Save 5% to 15%

All orders received by April first will be given a discount of

5%. It pays to order early.

We will also allow a discount of 5% for orders over \$10.00 or 10% for orders over \$100.00.

These discounts only effective when bill is paid promptly.

ARAPAHOE ACRES NURSEY

4849 So. Santa Fe Drive, 1 mile north of Littleton, Colo.

GEORGE W. KELLY, President and Manager.

GUARANTEE

We guarantee all stock sold by us to be true to name, carefully grown and full of life. When these plants are planted by us we guarantee that they will live and grow, if given reasonable care. As we can not govern the later care that you may give them, we accept no responsibility for those which "go bad" after July first.

We guarantee our plants which may be planted by yourself or others only as to their condition at the time of delivery to you.

Plants ordered after they have started to leaf out are not guaranteed unless they are ordered B & B (balled and burlapped). An extra charge of 25% to 50% is necessary when this is done.

If you are, for any reason, prevented from planting at the proper time, in spring, we can furnish plants B & B almost any time of the year.

